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Objective	Activity	Expected Results	Responsible Agency	Partner Organization		Budg	et on an annua	l basis		Funding Source
					2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Strategic Objective 1.	1.1.1 Revision of existing legislation, regarding water resources, drinking water quality and sanitations, that require harmonization with international requirements	All sectoral laws and subordinate norms have been	MoIDPOTLHSA , MoENR, NCDC&PH	ng for each child		10000	10000			State budget Twining Ge22
	1.1.2. Making changes in the national policy for drinking water quality and sanitation and regulatory normative documents accordint to the recommendation of the WHO	drinking water and	MoENR MoIDPOTLHS					10000		State budget Twining Ge22 WHO expert support
1.1 National legislation and policy frameworks on protection of water resources, drinking-water supply and sanitation reviewed and updated by 2022	1.1.3 Harmonization of national legislation and adoption of new water law in accordance with the European Union Association Agreement	New Water Law is enacted	MoENR	All stakehol ders	determined by the donor	30000				Donor support will be needed for Regulator y Impact Assessme nt RIA
	1.1.4. Ratification of the protocol "Water and Health"	Ratification status, provision of the Secretariat with information and approval of Coordination Council	MoENR MoIDPOTLHS	All stakehol ders, Parliament	case is open					

	1.1.5. Elaboration and adoption of National priority targets, indicators and implementation timelines according to the protocol provisions	Priority national goals, indicators and estimated deadlines are approved by the government	MoENR MoIDPOTLHS	All stakehol ders			10000		State budget WHO expert support
	1.2.1 Conduct baseline analysis of the quality of surveillance system of drinking water and implement necessary interventions for its improvement	The current state supervision system is reviewed and concrete measures are set	MoENR MoIDPOTLHS NCDC			10 day interna tional Expert s 23 000			Donor support will be Needed State budget Twining Ge22
1.2 Establish effective NCDC surveillance systems on waterborne diseases and Water Quality (within 2018).	1.2.2. Conduct baseline analysis of the surveillance system for waterborne diseases and implement necessary interventions for its improvement	The current state supervision system is reviewed and concrete measures	MoIDPOTLHS NCDC&PH			5000		5000	State budget
		An unified database on drinking water quality has been developed, functioning and is updated regularly.	MoENR	All stakehol ders			70 000		Twining Ge22  WHO expert support  Donor support will be needed
	1.3.1. Inventory of urban and rural water supply systems	The report of the inventory of water supply is published	MoRDI NCDC&PH	UNICEF MoIDPOTLHS MoENR Local self- governm ent	case is open				Donor support will be Needed MICS survey UNICEF (Please see Mother and Child Statistics)

	1.3.2Determination of the rehabilitation, modernization and improvement needs for urban and rural water supply systems, for ensuring safe drinking water supply		MoRDI	MoIDPOTLHS MoENR Local self- governm ent			100 000		Donor support will be Needed WHO expert
1.3 Ensure public health through improvement of access to safe and	1.3.3.Preparation of gradual- introduction plan of inclusion/implementation of WSP approaches in the urban and rural water supply systems	Improvement of drinking water quality	MoENR, MoIDPOTLHS GNERC,MoRDI, GWP, all Water Operators	WHO, Local self- governm ent			30 000		Donor support will be Needed WHO expert Mission
	1.3.4.Conduct education and capacity building programmes for staff involved in urban and rural water supply systems	Implementatio n of a permanently- acting training cycle, professional retraining of the employees preparing drinking water throughout the country	GNERC MoRDI	All stakehol ders		12 Region 30 000			State Budgest, Donor support will be Needed WHO expert Mission
	1.3.5. Implementation of awareness raising campaigns for population and providing timely and objective information regarding drinking water quality. Raise awareness of population regarding prevention of contamination of bathing waters	Prevention of waterborne diseases, increase awareness of the population	MoENR, MoIDPOTLHS NCDC&PH		10 000	10 000	10 000	10 000	State budget Helath Promotion Program

1.4. Provide to Georgian population adequate sanitation and wastewater treatment plants	1.4.1.Inventory of the sewage / sanitation systems of the urban and rural area	The inventory report of sewage systems is published, the persentage of the population, having access to "improved" and "non- improved" sanitary / sewage facilities, will be defined	MoRDI, NCDC&PH	UNICEF MoIDPOTLHS MoENR Local self- governm ent				Donor support will be Needed MICS survey UNICEF (Please see Mother and Child Statistics)
•	1.4.2.Develop complex measures for improving the state of sewage / sanitation systems in urban and rural areas to protect water resources' pollution from sewage wastewater	Improvement and modernization measures of sewage systems are defined	MoRDI	All stakehol ders		30 day inter natio nal Expe rts 70 000		Donor support required
	1.5.1.Planning of priority measures in educational facilities for improvement of WASH condition	Improvement of access to continuous safe drinking water and adequate sanitation,  Improvement activities of hygienic conditions is going on with constant supervision  Accessibility has been significantly increased on safe water and sanitation with implementing priority measures  Continuous supervision has improved hygienic conditions	MoESCS MoIDPOTLHS NCDC&PH	MoRDI		10 000 24 000 International Experts 60 000		Donor support will be Needed WASH survey UNICEF

	150 N	significantly increased on safe water and sanitation with implementing	MoIDPOTLHS NCDC&PH	Local self- governm ent	5000			State Budgest
1.5 Improve drinking water, sanitation and hygiene (Water, Sanitation and Hygiene -WASH) in educational and medical facilities, recreational areas and IDP settlements.			MoIDPOTLHS NCDC&PH	Local self- governm ent; MoENR			30 000	State Budgest, Donor support will be Needed IOM National Survey
	1.5.4.Developing the monitoring system for the water quality in swimming pools	The structure of the monitoring system is available Responsibilitie s between agencies are defined A report is available online	MoIDPOTLHS			International Expert 10 days 23 000		State Budget Twining GE22

	1.5.5 Identify recreational/bathing areas and monitor their water quality	The recreation and bathing areas are identified  Seasonal monitoring of water quality is carried out Water quality assessment is carried out during unexpected short-term pollution.  The list of permitted sanitary areas was created  The information is	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHS Local self- governm ent		open	International Expert for 10 Days 23000			State Budget Twining GE22 Donor support will be Needed
MTO 2.1 - Harmonization of legislation in the field of child safety by 2020 in compliance with the	2.1.1. Identification of relevant legislation in the field of child safety and its relevant harmonization	safe environment for the control of	MoIDPOTLHSA, MoESCS, MoRDI	d young people to ens	ure increased physic	cal activity		10 000	10 000	State Budget, EU funds and other sources
	2.2.1. Ensure definition of adequate facilities and equipment for provision of safety physical activities	Safe physical activity in schools and kindergartens: training and play are provided	MoIDPOTLHSA, MoEPA, MoRDI, MoESCS , Tbilisi Municipality				10 000			State Budget, EU funds and other sources
MTO 2.2 - In comparision to 2018 increased proportion of schools and kindergardens by X%, where safe physical	2.2.2. Support national programs in schools and kindergardens to ensure safe physical activity	National programs are introduced in schools and kindergardens	MoIDPOTLHSA, MoESCS,			5000	5000	5000	5000	State Budget,

activity is available by 2020	2.2.3. Increase access to physical activity outside the school facilities	New sports grounds/stadiums and squares are open	MoIDPOTLHSA, MoESCS, MoRDI, local self- governmence	MoESCS		5000	5000	5000	5000	State Budget, EU funds and other sources
		Materials are prepared, its distribution is carried out	MoIDPOTLHSA, MoESCI, NCDC&PH			5000	5000	5000	5000	State budget
MTO 2.3: In comparision to 2018 increased proportion of schools and	2.3.1.Advocate the infrastructure (zebra crossings, traffic lights, speed restriction hills) to ensure safe movement of children on the surrounding areas of Schools	New zebra crossings, traffic lights are opened	MoESCS, MoIDPOTLHSA, NCDC&PH	All stakeholders (interested Agencies)			10000	10000	10000	State budget
kindergartens with adjacent territories safe for children's movement by 2020	2.3.2. Prepare educational materials for the safe movement focused on children and pilot introduction in selected schools.	Materials are prepared and implemented in a pilot manner	MoESCS, MoIDPOTLHSA, NCDC&PH							
Strategic Objective N	3 - Reduce the harmfu	l effects of ambient	and indoor air	r pollution on human	<u>health</u>					
MTO 3.1 Relevant legislation harmonized according to the Association Agreement; CLRTAP and its last 3	ratification of the last three	Protocol of 1999 on Reduction of Acidification, Eutrophication and Land Ozone Level, Protocol on Heavy Metals and Protocol on persistent irganic pollutants are prepared for ratification	MoENR	The Parliament of Georgia; MoFA						Donor support will be requested

Prot	tocol are ratified;	3.1.2. Harmonization of national legislation in compliance with EU legislation, as defined in the Association Agreement	The laws and subordinate acts harmonized with the EU legislation are enacted	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoRDI, MoENR, MoFA	About 10 working days for experts 10 000 10 working days for international experts (Legal and technical Experts together) 23000	80 working days (Legal and technical Experts together) 70 000			Support has been requested EU and others Potential donors, The acts must determine the limit values for SO2, NOx, PM10, PM2,5, Pb, C6H6, CO As, Cd, Hg, Ni, PAHs.
		3.2.1.Designing National Air Quality Monitoring Network which reflects the population exposure to air pollution in accordance with Georgian legislation and international recommendations	Spatial Distribution and Characteristics of Monitoring Stations are in line with the European Directive; 2. The list of observable pollutants corresponds to the European Directive;     The functional organogram of the monitoring network is available for interested individuals	MoENR					30 working days will be determined by the donor 70 000	
monito of Geor Rusta carried with	0 3.2 Air quality oring in major cities rgia (Tbilisi, Kutaisi, tvi, and Batumi) is d out in accordance h EU Air Quality tive (2008/50/EC);	3.2.2. Procurement and installation of AQ monitoring equipment and laboratory infrastructure and training	Monitoring stations are installed in accordance with the air quality monitoring national control / management system and reflects the exposure of the population. (2018-2021)	MoENR	Municipalities of relevant cities				Open	Support has been requested EU and others Potential donors, But it is not confirmed
		3.2.3. Procurement and installation of AQ monitoring equipment and laboratory infrastructure	Monitoring stations and laboratory personnel have undergone training / training (2018)	MoENR	Municipalities of relevant cities				Open	Support has been requested EU and others Potential donors, But it is not confirmed

	3.2.4.The Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) system is introduced	The quality assurance and quality control (QA / QC) system is implemented in accordance with the EU Directive (2008/50 / EC)	MoENR	The organization responsible for the operation of stations		20 working days for local experts 20000, 20 working days for international experts 60 000			Support has been requested EU and others Potential donors, But it is not confirmed
MTO 3.3 Provide health- relevant information on population exposure to air pollution and its influence	3.3.1. Determining the format of information on population exposure to air pollution and its influence on health in major cities of Georgia (Tbilisi, Kutaisi, Rustavi and Batumi)	O3) of air quality is	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoENR		10 000			State Budget
on health in major cities of Georgia (Tbilisi, Kutaisi, Rustavi, and Batumi);	3.3.2. Assessing impact on health of exposure to air pollution in major cities of Georgia (Tbilisi, Kutaisi, Rustavi, Batumi	The assessment report on air quality management policy is prepared	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH				10 000	50 000	Requires donors Support; Planning of the WHO Expert Mission
MTO 3.4. – Health risks due to fuels combustion (wood, gas, kerosene, etc.) for heating and cooking in households and children's educational institutions are assessed;	and children's educational	1. Indicators are selected according to WHO ENHIS and SDG; 2. The methodology of health impact assessment (HIA) is defined in accordance with the WHO recommendations; 3. The report is published		MoENR; MoESCS; NSOoG	MoENR; MoESCS; NSOoG			20 working days for local experts 20000; 30 working days for international experts 70 000	Requires donors Support; Planning of the WHO Expert Mission
	3.5.1. Tobacco consumption in public places is completely prohibited by law	Tobacco consumption in public places is prohibited by law	The Government of Georgia; MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH		Done				

MTO 3.5. – Child care facilities, kindergartens, schools and public recreational settings are tobacco smoke-free by 2020	3.5.2. Support of the effective and relevant education, awareness raising and sensitization in accordance with the 12th article of FCTC (2019)	Heads of child care institutions, kindergardens, schools and other public institutions are trained on the issues related to tobacco harmful effects and awareness is increased	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoESCS; NSOoG	38000	38000	38000		Budget
	care facilities, kindergartens, schools and public facilities (2019)	Informatio n on the prohibitio n of tobacco consumpti on is available and prohibition is enforced	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoESCS; NSOoG			38000		Budget
MTO 3.6. – According to the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Batumi Action for Cleaner Air and WHA68.8 of the World Health Assembly resolution, complex strategies and action plans have been designed to minimize harmful effects on air pollution and human health, with involvement of environmental, health and other sectors.	Develop a Complex Strategy and Action Plan for Reducing Harmful Impact on Air Pollution and Human Health	Complex Strategy and Action Plan for Reducing Harmful Impact on Air Pollution and Human Health is Approved	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR; MoESCS; MoRDI; MoESD				35 000	Requires donors Support; Planning of the WHO Expert Mission

4.1.1 Elaboration of the Law on chemicals management	The law is enacted	MoENR	All interested agencies		to be determined by donor 50-50 day for national international Experts		support has been requested (UNIDO, GEF); green light from GEF awaited
4.1.2 Classification of chemical substances, rules for attributable chemicals to toxicity and hazardous classes, requirements for packing, marking and labeling, form of information paper on safe treatment with chemical substances.	implementation process is going on GHS / CLP, a form of information paper for safe handling of chemical substances, as well as other sub-legal normative acts	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoENR	UNECE UNDP		to be determined by donor, 50-50 day for national international Experts		donor support has been requested (UNIDO, GEF); green light from GEF awaited
4.1.3. Harmonization of EU legislation and introduction of the production safety directive in general for ensuing safety of consumer products.  Directive 2001/95 / EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoESD	All interested agencies		to be determined by donor		Donor support will be WHO expert support Twining GE22
4.1.4 Harmonization of the EU legislation and introduction of European recommendations for general child consumer products safety to ensure consumer products safety Guide-Potentially dangerous products "http://www.childsafetyeurope.org/publications/info/product-safety-guide.pdf	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoESD			10 day nation al experts 10 000 to be determined by donor		Donor support will be WHO expert support Twining GE22

	4.1.5. Harmonization of the EU legislation and introduction of European Directives on childrens' toys to ensure consumer products safety (Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the safety of toys). (Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the safety of	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoESD	All interested agencies	to bedetermined by Georgian Government				State budget Twining GE22
4.1Harmonizatio n of the relevant legislation in line with the Association Agreement (AA) (REACH, CLP, IHR) and other relevant legal multilateral environmenta l international	4.1.6. Introduce primary and secondary special packaging (hard to remove lid, labelling) for drugs.other preparations which contain hazardous chemicals, such as household cleaning products, household use pesticides etc in order to prevent poisoning	Enacted,	MoIDPOTLHSA;	WHO UNICEF			10 day nation al experts 10 000 10 day interna tional Experts 23 000		Donor support will be Needed UNICEF
treaties by 2020 and all the other relevant legislations related to the use destination of the chemicals (e.g. pesticide, biocides, chemicals in consumer	4.1.7. Harmonization of the EU legislation and introduction of European Directives on cosmetic-perfume products safety to ensure consumer products safety Safer cosmetics for Europeans Regulation (EC)No 1223/2009 on cosmeticproducts	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoESD		10 day nation al experts 10 000  10 day interna tional Experts 23 000			Donor support will be Needed WHO expert mission Twining GE22

4.1.8. Harmonization of the EU legislation and introduction of Directives on the household chemical products to ensure consumer products safety (Regulation (EC) No648/2004	monitoring	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoESD	nation al experts 10 000 10 day interna tional Experts 23 000		Donor support will be Needed WHO expert support Twining GE22
4.1.9. "Prohibition of use of leads in paints" according to WHO recommendations to ensure consumer products safety	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR MoF	5 day nation al experts 5 000		Donor support will be Needed TAIEX
4.1.10.Harmonization of EU legislation and introduction of Directives on biocides to ensure consumer products safety Regulation (EC) No 528/2012	Enacted, registration updating process is going on	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR MoESD	20 day nation al experts  20 day interna tional Experts		donor support has been requested UBA/WHO Twining GE22
4.1.11.Harmonization of EU legislation and introduction of Euro-Directives on placement of pyrotechnics in the consumer market to ensure consumer products safety Directive 2007/23/EC	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoIA	MoENR MoESD	20 day nation al experts  20 day interna tional Experts 45000		donor support has been requested WHO Twining GE22

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	4.1.12. Assessment of capabilities, formation of chemical safety system and creation of a relevant system for monitoring chemicals in circulation on the territory of the country	Published evaluation report (indicating web site)	Government of Georgia			National Survey		Donor support will be Needed
	4.1.13. Promote the implementation of the Minamata Convention on Mercury	Mercury-related sectoral legislation is published and enacted	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoENR MoESD MoF				ongoing GEF / UNDP project funding
	4.1.14. Elaboration of legislation on mercury (sectoral legislation amendments related to mercury)	Mercury-related sectoral legislation is published and enacted	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoENR MoESD MoF	open			support will be required (likely to be requested from GEF / UNDP, UNEP)
4.2 Elaboration of legislative and operational framework for creating a data base to collect relevant information on the life cycle of	4.2.1. Create a model of a chemical register and its operational framework for collection and information sharing on hazardous chemicals in Georgia)	institutional capaibilities for the purpose of collecting and sharing information on chemical safety is developed	MoIDPOTLHSA; MoENR	MoF MoENR MoESD WHO, UBA Germany				UBA Germany
	4.2.2. Develop proposals for the legislation revision to ensure sustainability of functioning of an operational framework	The legislative amendments are enacted, sustainability is provided, the action framework meets to the needs of interested parties	MOLHSA MoENR	MoF MoENR MoESD WHO, UBA Germany				UBA Germany

4.3 The risks for dangerous chemical substances in children in schools and kindergartens are estimated by 2020	4.3.1. Establishment of the system for monitoring and control of air pollution by hazardous chemical substances in school and kindergarten	The system is established, 10% annually increases the number of schools and kindergarens (2015 - 0%), which is underway to monitor air pollution from hazardous chemical substances.	MoIDPOTLHSA;	WHO UNICEF	open		Donor support will be Needed WHO expert support
	4.3.2.Establishment of national capacity to evaluate the risk factors of chemical substances in accordance with WHO methodology	Methodologies are tested and approved by experts, which can evaluate the risk of combined impact of several chemical substances			open		Donor support will be Needed Twining GE22 WHO expert support
	4.4.1 Development of asbestos national profile in accordance with WHO recommendations (identification of the needs /deficiencies).	Needs /shortcomings areidentified Resolution of the Government on asbestos national profile has been approved	MoIDPOTLHSA;	WHO MoENR	open		Donor support will be Needed Twining GE22 WHO expert support
Related Diseases developed by 2019	4.4.2. Development of the national program for elimination of asbestos-related diseases	Implementation of the National Program of Elimination is underway	MoIDPOTLHSA;	WHO MoENR	open		Donor support will be Needed Twining GE22 WHO expert support

	4.5.1. Proper management of pesticides and other agricultural chemicals for farmers, inclusion the component on educational and preventive measures	Farmers are aware of the impact of agrochemical risks and health impacts	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHSA;	open			Donor support will be Needed
	4.5.2. Registration of the agrochemicals and their waste and improvement of the management	Information is available on the volume of used agrochemicals, existing practices and unused agrochemicals	MoENR	MoIDPOTLHSA;	open			Donor support will be Needed
4.5 The risk of		The poison-control and toxicology information consultation center (Poisoning center) is functioning Acute and chronic poisonings caused by chemical substances are registered, diagnosis is defined, treatment is carried out and	MoIDPOTLHSA;	WHO	open			Donor support will be Needed WHO expert support

	4.5.4 Mapping of existing toxicology-chemistry laboratories and ensuring accessibility for the purpose to prevent, detect, provide readiness, respond and liquidate the mass non-comunicable diseases and poisoning in population	Laboratory confirmation of poisoning is possible, the number of confirmed diagnoses	MoIDPOTLHSA;	Accreditation Centre	5 000				State budget
	4.5.5. Construction of the disposal landfill for the industrial toxic wastes, which are generated in the territory of the country	Construction of a polygon has been initiated	Georgian government	MoENR MoIDPOTLHSA; MoF MoRDI MoESD	open				Donor support will be Needed
	4.6.1. Implementation of radiation monitoring in the underground structures based on geological prediction in the country	Enacted, quality monitoring process is in progress	Tbilisi City Hall, Local self- governance of towns		open				Donor support will be Needed WHO expertsupport
4.6. Reduction of radon impact on population	4.6.2. Raising awareness of the population and stakeholders on preventive measures related to radon.	Awareness campaign has been conducted					5000	5000	Budget
	4.6.3.Implementation of interventions in radon high concentrations bildings	Planning of construction works is carried out to minimize radon impacts	Tbilisi City Hall, Local self- governance of towns			open			open

Objectivve 5. Integrat	ion of Health Issues in	Climate Change A	daptation and	Mitigation policies				
	5.1.1. Assessment of current and future risks of climate change on population health	To reduce the risk of climate change, priority activities are determined, which should be the basis for the decisions on the future measures	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR	20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000			Technical support from donors will be required
MTO 5.1 - Evaluate vulnerability to climate change, health impacts and adaptation (health care aspects) including assessment 2018.	5.1.2. Conducting the vulnerability and adaptation assessment.	The risks of current climate changes' health impacts and the Public Health Care policies and programs designed for their reduction are defined	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoENR	10 working day national experts 10 000 10 working day international experts 23 000			Technical and financial support from donors will be required
assessment 2018.	5.1.3. Conducting the assessment of activity and inactivity costs	The costs of actions and inactivity health costs are assessed	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoENR		20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required
	5.1.4. Capacity building of national experts based on international experience and provision of project management team with technical means	Experts are prepared and the Project Management Team is provided with technical capabilities	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoENR	Open			Technical and financial support from donors will be required
MTO 5.2 - Elaboration of the	5.2.1.Elaboration of National Health Climate Change Adaptation Strategy	National Adaptation Strategy has been developed and includes all necessary Public Health measures	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH	MoENR		20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required

National Health Care Adaptation Strategy and Action Plan by 2018	5.2.2. Elaboration of an Heat- Waves action plan	Health impact of heat- waves is reduced	MoIDPOTLHSA; NCDC&PH		10 working day national experts 10 000 10 working day international experts 23 000			Technical and financial support from donors will be required
MTO 5.3 - Harmonize the legislation with regard to the requirements of the UNFCCC Convention and assessment of health outcomes	5.3.1. Inventory of health- care legislation and identification of those acts that require change	Laws and subordinate acts are elaborated for all sectors	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR		20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required
outcomes	5.3.2. Harmonization of health-care legislation with the association agreement and convention	New legislative acts are elaborated	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR	10 working day national experts 10 000	will be defined by the Donor		Technical and financial support from donors will be required
	5.4.1.Determination of the share of greenhouse-gas emissions from the medical institutions, in the country's general emissions	Distribution of greenhouse gas emissions of medical institutions	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR		20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required
	5.4.2. Detailed analysis of energy efficiency in the health system	Recommendations for energy-efficient buildings and renewable energy resources in hospitals	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR		20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required

MTO 5.4 Health care facilities reduce the share of greenhouse gas emissions X% in national emissions by 2020 (from 2018)		Assess the security and stability of the buildings, taking into account the requirements of energy efficiency	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR		national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts	20 working days national experts 20000, 20 workign days international experts 66 000		Technical and financial support from donors will be required
		of greenhouse gas	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR				for 4 hospitals 100 000	Technical and financial support from donors will be required
	5.4.5. Increase awareness of healthcare personnel in energy-efficiency issues	Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions Reduce the annual costs of the hospital on heating and electricity	MoIDPOTLHSA;	MoENR		5000	5000	5000	Budget
and preparedness for emergencies caused by natural disasters such as earthquakes, floods and	5.5.1. Conducting Training and practical exercies, where the needs of children, adolescents and pregnant women will be taken into consideration in the emergency situations for their readiness and adequate response	Awareness raising companies will be helded, trainings, TV programs, will be reflected in study curriculums, information will be available	MoESCS; MoIDPOTLHSA; MoENR		10 working day national experts 10 000 10 working day international experts 23 000				budget

